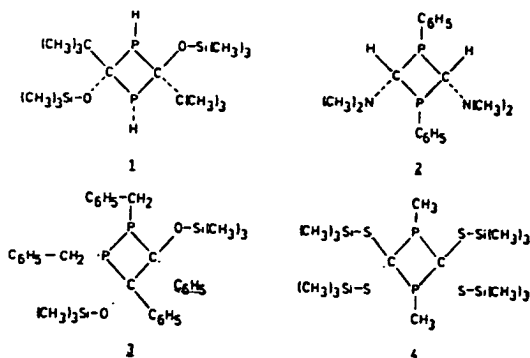


## Diphosphetanes from Monomeric Alkylidene Phosphines

G. Becker, G. Gresser, O. Mundt and W. Uhl, Fachbereich Chemie der Philipps-Universität, Hans-Meerwein-Straße, D-3550 Marburg

Bis(trimethylsilyl)phosphines react with acyl chlorides (1), dimethylformamide, benzophenone (2) or carbon disulfide (3) to give [1-(trimethylsiloxy)alkylidene]-, [dimethylaminomethylidene]-, [diphenylmethylidene]-, and [bis(trimethylsilylsulfano)methylidene]phosphines. If the P=C group of these compounds is not shielded sufficiently by bulky substituents, dimerization occurs. Usually 1,3-diphosphetanes are found (4); [1-(trimethylsiloxy)benzylidene]phosphines, however, form 1,2-diphosphetanes. As shown by X-ray structure determinations on characteristic derivatives the molecules (1-4) show different point symmetry; the (E)- or (Z)-arrangement of substituents shown by the monomers is still detectable in the dimers.



- (1) G. Becker, M. Rößler and W. Uhl, *Z. anorg. allg. Chem.* **473**, 7 (1981).
- (2) G. Becker and O. Mundt, *Z. anorg. allg. Chem.* **462**, 130 (1980).
- (3) G. Becker, G. Gresser and W. Uhl, *Z. anorg. allg. Chem.* **463**, 144 (1980).
- (4) G. Becker and W. Uhl, *Z. anorg. allg. Chem.* im Druck.